

Missouri Weekly Influenza Surveillance Report 2014-2015 Influenza Season¹

Week 53: December 28, 2014 – January 3, 2015

All data are preliminary and may change as more reports are received.

Summary:

- The estimated influenza activity in Missouri remained at Widespread².
- A season-to-date total of 26,176 laboratory-positive³ influenza cases have been reported in Missouri. Influenza A continued to be the predominant influenza type accounting for 93.2% of reported cases during Week 53. All nine of the laboratory-confirmed influenza cases reported by the Missouri State Public Health Laboratory (MSPHL) during Week 53 were influenza A (H3).
- CDC has antigenically characterized five influenza isolates so far this influenza season from Missouri: three were influenza A (H3N2) A/TEXAS/50/2012-like, one was influenza B/MASSACHUSETTS/02/2012-LIKE and, one was influenza A H3N2 virus antigenically similar to the A/Switzerland/9715293/2013. Influenza A/TEXAS/50/2012 and B/MASSACHUSETTS/02/2012-LIKE are included in the 2014-2015 influenza vaccine for the Northern Hemisphere. A/Switzerland/9715293/2013 is related to, but antigenically and genetically distinguishable, from the A/Texas/50/2012 vaccine virus. The CDC reports 68.3% of viruses collected from U.S. laboratories from October 1, 2014 December 27, 2014, were antigenically different (drifted) from the influenza A H3N2 component of the 2014-2015 influenza vaccine. http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/
- Influenza-like illness activity is above baseline for both the Missouri Outpatient ILI Surveillance Network (ILINet) and hospital emergency room visit chief complaint data reported through ESSENCE. The reported percentage of visits for ILI was 8.52% and 4.3% through ILINet and ESSENCE respectively⁴.
- The highest rates of laboratory-positive influenza cases among children aged 0-4 years (166 cases per 100,000 population) and children aged 5-14 years (88 cases per 100,000 population). No influenza-associated pediatric deaths have been reported in Missouri to date, this influenza season. Deaths involving Pneumonia and Influenza (P&I) reported to the Bureau of Vital Records decreased to 73 deaths during Week 52, resulting in a season-to-date total of 984 P&I associated deaths in Missouri⁵.
- Four outbreaks of influenza or ILI were reported during Week 53 in Missouri. No ILI-associated school closures were reported during Week 53.
- National influenza activity and surveillance information is prepared by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). The information including a weekly report (FLUVIEW) is available online at http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/fluactivitysurv.htm.

¹The 2014-2015 influenza season in Missouri began CDC Week 40 (Week ending October 4, 2014) through CDC Week 20 (week ending May 23, 2015).

²Widespread is defined as: Increased ILI and/or institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in at least half of the regions AND recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the state.

³Laboratory-positive Influenza includes the following test methods: rapid influenza diagnostic tests (antigen), reverse transcriptase polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR) and other molecular assays, immunofluorescence antibody staining (Direct (DFA) or Indirect (IFA)), or viral culture.

⁴Influenza-like Illness (ILI) is defined as fever (temperature of 100°F [37.8°C] or greater) and a cough and/or a sore throat without a known cause other than influenza.

⁵The P&I data are available one week later. The P&I data for the CDC Week provided is the most current data available.

Surveillance Data:

Interactive Maps

The county specific influenza data are provided though interactive maps available at https://emgis.oa.mo.gov/DPS/BriefingMaps/?bookId=bbfb2f1408c341ce839ef311e00e742d. Click on the county to view the influenza data specific to that county.

- Reported Laboratory -positive Influenza Cases by Influenza Type by County, CDC Week 53
- Reported Laboratory -positive Influenza Cases by Influenza Type by County, Season-to-Date
- Percentage of Laboratory-positive Influenza Cases Reported to be Influenza Type A

Data Tables and Graphs

Table 1. Number of Laboratory-positive[†] Influenza Cases by Influenza Type, Missouri, CDC Week 51-53 (December 14, 2014 – January 3, 2015)

Influenza Type	Week 51	Week 52	Week 53	2014-2015* Season-to-Date
Influenza A	6,677	5,953	2,871	24,559
Influenza B	196	195	137	1,042
Influenza Unknown Or Untyped	117	184	74	575
Total	6,990	6,332	3,082	26,176

Laboratory-positive Influenza includes the following test methods: rapid influenza diagnostic tests (antigen), reverse transcriptase polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR) and other molecular assays, immunofluorescence antibody staining (Direct (DFA) or Indirect (IFA)), or viral culture.

*Influenza Season begins Week Ending October 4, 2014 (CDC Week 40) Data Source: Missouri Health Information Surveillance System (WebSurv).

Table 2. Number of Laboratory-positive[†] Influenza Cases and Case Rates by Age Group, Missouri, CDC Week 53 (December 28, 2014 – January 3, 2015)

Age Group	Week 53 Cases	Week 53 Rate [‡]	2014-2015* Season-to-Date	2014-2015* Season-to-Date Rate [‡]
00-04	629	166	4,948	1,305
05-14	688	88	8,758	1,115
15-64	1,099	28	9,225	232
65+	666	75	3,244	367
Total	3,082	51	26,176	435

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*Influenza Season begins Week Ending October 4, 2014 (CDC Week 40) Data Source: Missouri Health Information Surveillance System (WebSurv)

Incidence Rate per 100,000 population

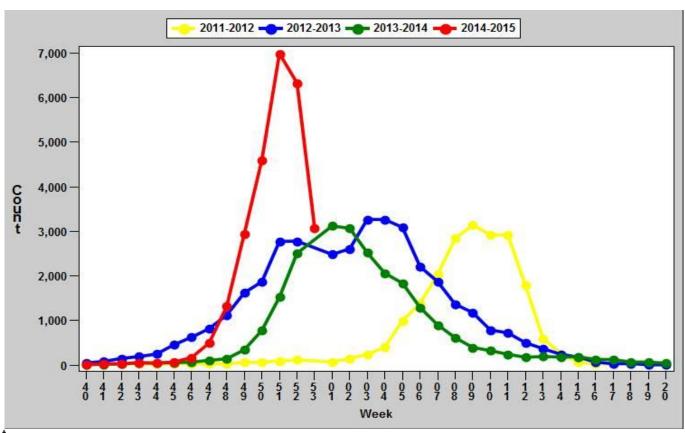
Table 3. Number of Laboratory-positive[†] Influenza Cases and Case Rates by Region, Missouri, CDC Week 53 (December 28, 2014 – January 3, 2015)

District	Week 53 Cases	Week 53 Rate [‡]	2014-2015* Season-to-Date	2014-2015* Season-to-Date Rate [‡]
CE	292	44	4,183	624
EA	869	39	8,730	389
NW	1,201	76	7,207	457
SE	474	100	2,971	626
SW	246	23	3,085	292
Total	3,082	51	26,176	435

Laboratory-positive Influenza includes the following test methods: rapid influenza diagnostic tests (antigen), reverse transcriptase polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR) and other molecular assays, immunofluorescence antibody staining (Direct (DFA) or Indirect (IFA)), or viral culture.

*Influenza Season begins Week Ending October 4, 2014 (CDC Week 40) Data Source: Missouri Health Information Surveillance System (WebSurv)

Graph 1. Number of Laboratory-positive[†] Influenza Cases by CDC Week, Missouri, 2011-2015*

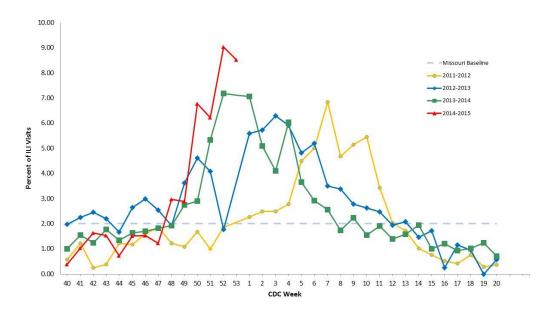


Laboratory-positive Influenza includes the following test methods: rapid influenza diagnostic tests (antigen), reverse transcriptase polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR) and other molecular assays, immunofluorescence antibody staining (Direct (DFA) or Indirect (IFA)), or viral culture.

*2014-2015 Season-to-Date through the week ending January 3, 2015 (Week 53). Data Source: Missouri Health Information Surveillance System (WebSurv).

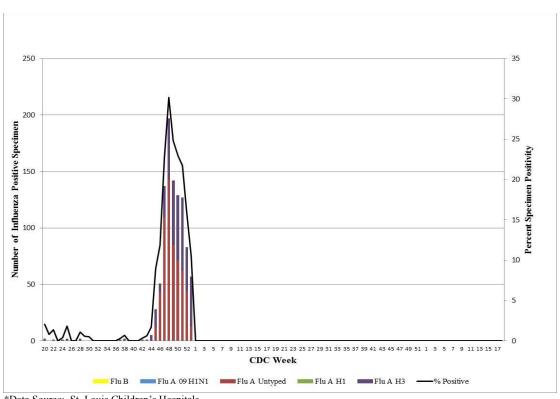
Incidence Rate per 100,000 population

Graph 2. Percentage of Visits for Influenza-like-Illness (ILI), Missouri Outpatient ILI Surveillance Network (ILINet) 2011-2015*



*2014-2015 Season-to-Date through the week ending January 3, 2015 (Week 53)

Graph 3. St. Louis Children's Hospital Season-to-Date PCR (+) Influenza Test by CDC Week

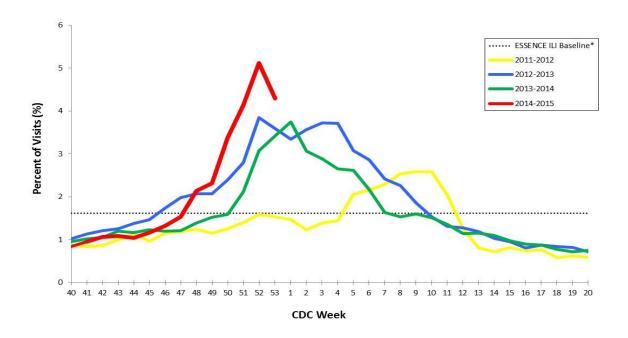


*Data Source: St. Louis Children's Hospitals

*Influenza Season begins Week Ending October 4, 2014 (CDC Week 40)

^{*}This data is based on testing in all age groups in St Louis metro and SE Missouri

Graph 4. Percentage of Emergency Room Visits with Chief Complaint of Influenza-like Illness (ILI), ESSENCE Participating Hospitals in Missouri, 2011-2015[†]



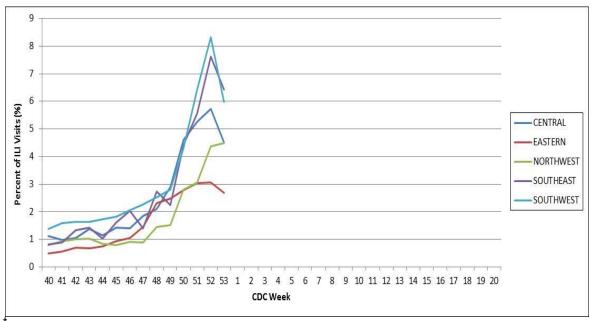
[†]Data Source: Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services (DHSS), Bureau of Reportable Disease Informatics, ESSENCE. Includes data from 96 reporting facilities in Missouri (http://health.mo.gov/data/essence/pdf/moilmap.pdf). *ESSENCE ILI Baseline is the mean percent of ILI visits for each week during the previous three years (2011-13) when percentage of ILI visits were less than 2% of total visits, plus two standard deviations.

Table 4. Percentage of Emergency Room Visits with Chief Complaint of Influenza-like Illness (ILI) from ESSENCE Participating Hospitals by Age Group, Missouri, CDC Week 53 (December 28, 2014 – January 3, 2015)

District	Age 0-4	Age 5-17	Age 18-44	Age 45-64	Age 65+	Total Percentage
Northwest	5.0%	6.3%	4.5%	4.2%	3.7%	4.5%
Central	12.5%	3.7%	3.9%	3.0%	3.8%	4.5%
Eastern	3.9%	3.0%	2.7%	2.3%	2.5%	2.7%
Southeast	14.1%	9.1%	4.8%	4.9%	5.6%	6.4%
Southwest	14.0%	9.2%	4.8%	4.6%	4.3%	6.0%
Statewide	7.6%	5.8%	3.9%	3.5%	3.5%	4.3%

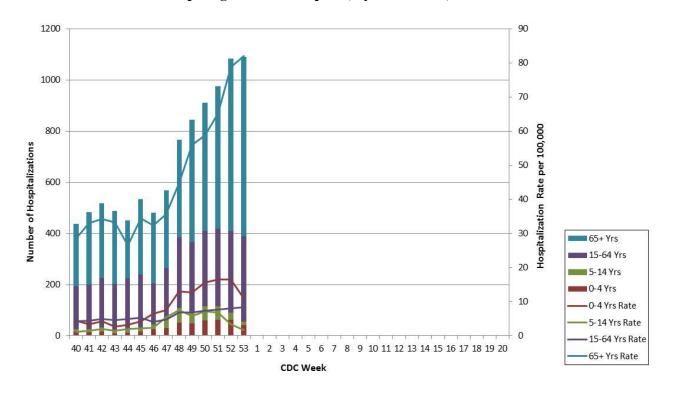
[†]Data Source: Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services (DHSS), Bureau of Reportable Disease Informatics, ESSENCE. ESSENCE includes data from 96 reporting facilities in Missouri (http://health.mo.gov/data/essence/pdf/moilmap.pdf).

Graph 5. Percentage of Emergency Room Visits with the Chief Complaint of Influenza-like Illness (ILI) for each District by CDC Week, ESSENCE Participating Hospitals in Missouri, 2014-2015*



Data Source: Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services (DHSS), Bureau of Reportable Disease Informatics, ESSENCE. ESSENCE includes data from 95 reporting facilities in Missouri (http://health.mo.gov/data/essence/pdf/moilmap.pdf). *2014-2015 Season-to-Date through the week ending January 3, 2015 (Week 53)

Graph 6. Number and Rate of Patients by Age Group Hospitalized with Influenza and/or Pneumonia Syndromes at Participating Missouri Hospitals, by CDC Week, 2014-2015*



Data Source: Hospitalization data from Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services (DHSS), Bureau of Reportable Disease Informatics, ESSENCE HL7 messaging portal. Includes data from 96 reporting facilities in Missouri (http://health.mo.gov/data/essence/pdf/moilmap.pdf). Population data from DHSS Population MICA 2012 (http://health.mo.gov/data/essence/pdf/moilmap.pdf). *2014-2015 Season-to-Date through the week ending January 3, 2015 (Week 53)

Additional Influenza Data Sources:

 $St\ Louis\ Children's\ Hospital\ Laboratory:\ \underline{http://slchlabtestguide.bjc.org/Default.aspx?url=228e5af5-6e12-4f73-a451-f12f6ab1215e}$

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention: National Influenza Surveillance (FLUVIEW) http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/fluactivitysurv.htm

World Health Organization: International Influenza Surveillance: http://www.who.int/influenza/surveillance_monitoring/en/