

Title 19—DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND SENIOR SERVICES
Division 30—Division of Regulation and Licensure
Chapter 20 — Hospitals

PROPOSED RULE

19 CSR 30-20.144 Standards and Guidelines for Essential Caregiver Program.

PURPOSE: This rule establishes the standards and guidelines regarding the essential caregiver program established under section 191.2290, RSMo.

(1) As used in this rule, the following terms and phrases shall mean:

(A) Department shall mean the Department of Health and Senior Services;

(B) Essential caregiver shall mean a family member, friend, guardian, or other individual selected by a hospital patient who has not been adjudged incapacitated under chapter 475, or the guardian or legal representative of the patient;

(C) Hospital shall have the same meaning assigned to it 19 CSR 30-20.011(9).

(2) Every hospital within Missouri shall develop an essential caregiver program which shall allow a patient who has not been adjudged incapacitated under chapter 475, RSMo, a patient's guardian, or a patient's legally authorized representative to designate an essential caregiver for in-person contact with the patient in accordance with the provisions of section 191.2290, RSMo, and the standards and guidelines developed by the department under this rule.

(3) The essential caregiver program shall be operable during a state of emergency declared pursuant to chapter 44, RSMo, relating to infectious, contagious, communicable, or dangerous diseases.

(4) The essential caregiver program established by the hospital shall:

(A) Allow at least two individuals per patient to be designated as essential caregivers, although the hospital may limit the in-person contact to one caregiver at a time. The caregiver shall not be required to have previously served in a caregiver capacity prior to the declared state of emergency;

(B) Include a reasonable in-person contact schedule to allow the essential caregiver to provide care to the patient for at least four (4) hours each day, including evenings, weekends, and holidays, but shall allow for twenty-four-hour in-person care as necessary and appropriate for the well-being of the patient. The essential caregiver shall be permitted to leave and return during the scheduled hours or be replaced by another essential caregiver;

(C) Include procedures to enable physical contact between the patient and the essential caregiver. The hospital may not require the essential caregiver to undergo more stringent screening, testing, hygiene, personal protective equipment, and other infection control and prevention protocols than required of hospital employees; and

(D) Specify in its protocols the criteria that the hospital will use if it determines that in-person contact by a particular essential caregiver is inconsistent with the patient's therapeutic care and treatment or is a safety risk to other patients or staff at the facility. Any limitations placed upon a particular essential caregiver shall be reviewed and documented every seven (7) days to determine if the limitations remain appropriate.

(5) A hospital shall inform, in writing, patients who have not been adjudged incapacitated under chapter 475, or guardians or legal representatives of patients, of the essential caregiver program and

the process for designating an essential caregiver. Consistent with 42 CFR 482.12(h), a hospital shall inform each patient, or such patient's guardian or legal representative, where appropriate, of his or her visitation rights and right to access an essential caregiver in accordance with this rule.

(6) A hospital may restrict or revoke in-person contact by an essential caregiver who fails to follow required protocols and procedures established under section (4) of this rule.

(7) A hospital may request from the department a suspension of in-person contact by essential caregivers for a period not to exceed seven (7) days. A hospital may request from the department an extension of a suspension for more than seven (7) days, but such extension period shall not be for a period longer than seven (7) days at a time. Under the provisions of this section, a hospital shall not suspend in-person caregiver contact for more than fourteen (14) consecutive days in a twelve-month period or for more than forty-five (45) total days in a twelve-month period. Requests for a suspension of in-person contact of essential caregivers or an extension of a suspension under this section shall be submitted in writing to the department. Department determinations in response to suspension requests shall be in writing and both requests and determinations shall be made a part of the department's permanent records for the hospital.

(A) Requests for a suspension of in-person contact by essential caregivers shall contain at a minimum the following:

1. The specific reason or reasons why allowing in-person contact by essential caregivers poses a serious community health risk;
2. An explanation of the extenuating factors which may be relevant to granting a suspension to the particular requesting hospital; and
3. The length of time, not to exceed seven (7) days, the suspension is being requested.

(8) The department's written determination shall identify a suspension expiration date, if approved. The hospital may reapply for an extension of the suspension up to one (1) day prior to the expiration of the department's originally approved suspension. The department may deny a hospital's request to suspend in-person contact with essential caregivers if the department determines that such in-person contact does not pose a serious community health risk.

(9) The department shall suspend in-person contact by essential caregivers under this rule if it determines that doing so is required under federal law, including a determination that federal law requires a suspension of in-person contact by members of the patient's care team.

(10) The provisions of this rule shall not apply to those patients whose particular plan of therapeutic care and treatment necessitates restricted or otherwise limited visitation for reasons unrelated to the stated reasons for the declared state emergency.

(11) The provisions of this rule shall not be construed to require an essential caregiver to provide necessary care to a patient and a hospital shall not require an essential caregiver to provide necessary care.

*AUTHORITY: sections 191.2290, RSMo Supp. 2022, and 197.080, RSMo Supp. 2018. Original rule filed *****, 2022.*

PUBLIC COST: This proposed rule will cost state agencies or political subdivisions three million one hundred fifty-three thousand four hundred twenty dollars (\$3,153,420.00) in the aggregate.

PRIVATE COST: This proposed rule will cost private entities seventeen million seven hundred forty-three thousand eight hundred dollars (\$17,743,800) in the aggregate.

NOTICE TO SUBMIT COMMENTS: Anyone may file a statement in support of or in opposition to this proposed rule with Steve Bollin at Steve.Bollin@health.mo.gov or Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services, P.O. Box 570, Jefferson City, Missouri 65101-0570. To be considered, comments must be received within thirty (30) days after publication of this notice in the Missouri Register. No public hearing is scheduled.